Stat 274 — Fall 2023 Homework Assignment 6 Due: Thursday, November 16th on Learning Suite at 9:30 am

- 1. You take out a loan for 10000. You pay off the loan with monthly payments of 90 for 10 years.
 - (a) What is the monthly effective rate? What is the annual effective rate? [0.128937%, 1.55827%]
 Answer:

$$10000 = 90a_{\overline{120}|j}$$

$$111.11 = \frac{1 - v^{120}}{j}$$

$$j = .00128937$$

$$i = (1 + j)^{12}$$

$$i = .0155827$$

(b) What is the outstanding loan balance immediately after the 7th payment? Calculate using both the retrospective and prospective formulas. [9458.16] Answer:

$$OLB_k = 10000(1.00129)^7 - 90s_{\overline{7}|.00129}$$

= 10090.60 - 632.44 = 9458.16

$$OLB_k = 90 \left(a_{\overline{112},00129} + (1.00129)^{-113} \right)$$

= 9458.16

(c) Assume you miss the 13th and 53rd payments, what will be the outstanding loan balance after the 71st payment? [4460.01]Answer:

$$OLB_{71} = 10000(1.00129)^{71} - 90s_{\overline{71},00129} + 90\left((1.00129)^{58} + (1.00129)^{18}\right)$$
$$OLB_{71} = 4460.01$$

- 2. You take out a 30-year mortgage for 250,000 to be repaid with end-of-month payments beginning in one month. The interest rate is 4.8% compounded monthly. Find:
 - (a) The monthly payment amount [1311.67] **Answer:** 360 [N] 0.4 [I/Y] 250000 [PV] [CPT] [PMT]
 - (b) The balance after 10 years [202,117.53] **Answer:** [2ND] [AMORT] P1: 1 P2: 120
 - (c) The balance after 20 years [124,809.94] **Answer:** [2ND] [AMORT] P1: 1 P2: 240
 - (d) The total interest paid in the 6th year (payments 61-72)[10,881.84] **Answer:** [2ND] [AMORT] P1: 61 P2: 72
 - (e) The total principal paid in the 6th year [4,858.20] Answer: [2ND] [AMORT] P1: 61 P2: 72
- 3. For a 25-year loan of 12,000 at 6% nominal annual interest (compounded semiannually) with payments at the end of each half year find the following:
 - (a) The semiannual payment amount [466.39] **Answer:** 50 [N] 3 [I/Y] 12000 [PV] [CPT] [PMT]
 - (b) The outstanding balance after the 20th payment [9,141.26] **Answer:** [2ND] [AMORT] P1: 1 P2: 20
 - (c) The amount of interest in the 20th payment [279.83] Answer: [2ND] [AMORT] P1: 20 P2: 20
 - (d) The amount of principal in the 20th payment [186.56] Answer: [2ND] [AMORT] P1: 20 P2: 20
 - (e) The amount of interest in the 30th payment [215.67] Answer: [2ND] [AMORT] P1: 30 P2: 30
- 4. You take out a 7-year loan of L to buy a new car. You pay off the loan with monthly payments of Q at a yearly effective interest rate of i. The amount of interest paid off in the first payment is \$180.10 and the amount of principle paid off in the 43^{rd} payment is \$438.50. Calculate the loan amount L. (Note: Using the prospective formula when all the payments are equal, the amount of principle paid off in the k^{th} payment is $P_k = Qv^{n-k+1}$). [\$36999.89]

Answer:

$$P_{43} = 438.50 = Qv^{84-43+1}$$

$$438.50 = Qv^{42}$$

$$438.50(1+i)^{42} = Q$$

$$P_1 = Q - 180.10 = Qv^{84-1+1}$$

$$438.50(1+i)^{42} - 180.10 = \frac{438.5(1+i)^{42}}{(1+i)^{84}}$$

$$438.50(1+i)^{84} - 180.10(1+i)^{42} - 438.50 = 0$$

We can now use the quadratic equation by substituting x for $(1+i)^{42}$.

$$x = \frac{-(-180.10) \pm \sqrt{180.10^2 - 4(438.50)(-438.50)}}{2(438.50)}$$

$$x = 1.226227629$$
$$(1+i)^{42} = 1.226227629$$
$$i = .004867582$$

$$I_1 = L * i$$

$$\frac{180.10}{.004867582} = L$$

$$36999.89 = L$$

- 5. Find and work 5 more practice problems on loans. You can find those:
 - In the online practice problems
 - In the study manuals
 - In the book
 - Ask the TA's to write one
 - In your purchased software (Infinite Actuary, Coaching Actuaries, Actex, etc.)